2024 Second Quarter Compliance Monitoring & Operational Performance Report

Reporting Period April 1, 2024 to June 30, 2024

> Blind River Refinery Operating License FFL-3632.0/2032

> > 328 Eldorado Road Blind River, Ontario POR 1B0

Submitted to: **The Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission** P.O. Box 1046, Station B

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Ottawa, Ontario
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Submitted on August 26, 2024



Executive Summary

Cameco Corporation (Cameco) is a major supplier of uranium processing services required to produce nuclear fuel for the generation of safe, clean and reliable electricity around the world. Cameco's Fuel Services Division (FSD) is comprised of the Blind River Refinery (BRR), the Port Hope Conversion Facility (PHCF), Cameco Fuel Manufacturing Inc. (CFM) and a divisional head office located in Port Hope Ontario.

BRR operates a Class IB nuclear facility in Blind River, Ontario under a Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission (CNSC) operating license and employs approximately 150 workers. Cameco is committed to the safe, clean and reliable operations of all of its facilities and continually strives to improve safety performance and processes to ensure the safety of both its employees and local residents. BRR maintains the required programs, plans and procedures in the areas of health and safety, radiation protection, environment, emergency response, fire protection, waste management, and training.

As a result of these programs, plans and procedures, BRR's operations maintain radiation exposures to workers and the public well below the regulatory dose limits. Environmental emissions are also being controlled to levels that are a fraction of the regulatory limits.

There were no radiation protection or environmental protection action level exceedances in the second quarter of 2024.



Contents

2.0 Second Quarter Overview	
1.1 Facility Operation	
1.2 Physical Design/Facility Modification	
3.0 Radiation Protection	
4.0 Conventional Health and Safety	
5.0 Environmental Protection	
6.0 Public Information Program	1
7.0 Indigenous Engagement	
8.0 Other Matters of Regulatory Interest	
9.0 Concluding Remarks	



1.0 Second Quarter Overview

1.1 Facility Operation

Cameco continues to strive for operational excellence at all its facilities through consistent application of management systems to ensure that they operate in a safe, clean and reliable manner. Corporate policies and programs, including that for Safety, Health, Environment and Quality (SHEQ) provide guidance and direction for all site-based programs and procedures that define the Blind River Refinery's Quality Management System. Cameco continually strives to improve safety performance and processes to ensure the safety of both its employees, and residents.

There were no significant changes to Structure, Systems and Components (SSC) or processes in the second quarter.

There were no radiation protection or environmental protection action level exceedances in the second quarter of 2024.

1.2 Physical Design/Facility Modification

At BRR changes to the physical design of equipment, processes and the facility with the potential to impact safety are evaluated using an internal design control process from project planning through to completion of the project. This review identifies potential impacts to the environment as well as to health and safety of personnel.

There were no modifications affecting the safety analysis of BRR made in the second quarter that required written approval of the Commission or a person authorized by the Commission.



2.0 Radiation Protection

This safety and control area covers the implementation of a radiation protection program, in accordance with the Radiation Protection Regulations. This program must ensure that contamination and radiation doses are monitored and controlled.

Whole Body Dose

Table 1 shows the whole-body dose summary results from the second quarter for three work groups: employees in operations; employees in administration and/or support roles and contractors who have been designated nuclear energy workers (NEWs). All employees are also NEWs.

Employees are on either a monthly or quarterly dosimeter badge change frequency. The highest doses are from the operations work group, consisting of production and maintenance personnel. The CNSC action level for whole body dose is 2.0 mSv in a month for employees on a monthly dosimetry service badge change frequency, and 0.7 mSv in a quarter for employees on a quarterly dosimetry service badge change frequency. There were no results above either whole body dose action levels in the quarter.

Table 1

2024 Second Quarter Whole Body Dose							
Work Group Number of Average Dose Minimum Dose Maximum Dose Individuals (mSv) (mSv) (mSv)							
NEW Contractors	126	0.02	0.00	0.12			
Administration/Support	77	0.09	0.00	0.40			
Operations	98	0.38	0.00	1.88			
All	301	0.16	0.00	1.88			

Table 2 shows the average, minimum, and maximum quarterly individual external whole-body exposures for the last five quarters. The average and maximum doses in the second quarter were within the range of the previous four quarters.

Table 2

Whole Body Dose by Quarter				
Quarter	Number of	Average Dose	Minimum Dose	Maximum Dose
	Individuals	(mSv)	(mSv)	(mSv)
Q2 2023	187	0.26	0.00	1.95
Q3 2023	200	0.20	0.00	1.49
Q4 2023	179	0.20	0.00	1.57
Q1 2024	220	0.19	0.00	2.40
Q2 2024	301	0.16	0.00	1.88



Skin Dose

Table 3 shows the quarterly skin dose summary results for three work groups: employees in operations; employees in administration and/or support roles and contractors who have been made NEWs. The highest doses are from the operations work group, consisting of production and maintenance personnel.

Employees are on either a monthly or quarterly dosimeter badge change frequency. The CNSC action level for skin dose is 15.0 mSv in a month for employees on a monthly dosimetry service badge change frequency, and 6.0 mSv in a quarter for employees on a quarterly badge change frequency.

There were no radiation protection action level exceedances for skin dose in the second quarter of 2024.

Table 3

2024 Second Quarter Skin Dose					
Work Group Number of Average Dose Minimum Maximum Individuals (mSv) Dose (mSv) Dose (mSv)					
NEW Contractors	126	0.13	0.00	1.28	
Administration/Support	77	0.14	0.00	1.22	
Operations	98	2.01	0.00	21.27	
ALL	301	0.75	0.00	21.27	

Table 4 shows the employee average and maximum quarterly individual skin exposure results for the last five quarters. The average skin doses in the second quarter were within the range of the previous four quarters. The reported maximum skin dose was significantly above the maximum skin dose in the previous four quarters. There is a discrepancy between the OSLD and DRD readings for this worker and an investigation is underway to determine whether this dose is correct. Additional information will be submitted to CNSC staff once the investigation is complete.

Table 4

Skin Dose Results by Quarter							
Work Group	Vork Group Number of Average Minimum Maximum						
	Individuals	(mSv)	(mSv)	(mSv)			
Q2 2023	187	1.27	0.00	11.85			
Q3 2023	200	0.83	0.00	6.63			
Q4 2023	179	1.24	0.00	13.29			
Q1 2024	220	0.99	0.00	15.19			
Q2 2024	301	0.75	0.00	21.27			



Extremity Dose

Process operators working in the DRaff area and designated maintenance workers have historically been issued ring dosimeters. These dosimeters are only required to be worn when working in the DRaff area of the refinery. Table 5 shows the average and maximum ring dosimeter result for employees over the last five quarters. The maximum extremity dose was significantly above the maximum skin dose in the previous four quarters. This is the same individual who has the highest skin dose, and extremity dose is included in the overall review of this worker's dose. Additional information will be submitted to CNSC staff once the investigation is complete.

Table 5

	Quarterly Extremity Dose			
Work Group	Number of Individuals	Average (mSv)	Minimum (mSv)	Maximum (mSv)
Q2 2023	48	1.50	0.00	13.88
Q3 2023	47	0.70	0.00	5.31
Q4 2023	48	1.00	0.00	11.46
Q1 2024	49	1.10	0.00	8.09
Q2 2024	49	1.30	0.00	16.34

Eye Dose

Table 6 shows the quarterly eye dose summary results for three work groups: employees in operations; employees in administration and/or support roles and contractors who have been made NEWs. The highest exposure is from the operations group related to work in the Raffinate/Draff area.

Table 6

Second Quarter 2024 Eye Dose Results							
Work Group Number of Individuals Average Dose (mSv) Minimum Dose (mSv) Maximum Dose (mSv) Dose (mSv)							
NEW Contractors	126	0.08	0.00	0.53			
Administrative Support	77	0.12	0.00	0.60			
Operations	98	0.96	0.00	9.50			
All	301	0.37	0.00	9.50			

Table 7 shows the employee average, minimum and maximum quarterly individual external eye exposures for the last five quarters. Eye dose is reviewed monthly and compared to the monthly action level of 6 mSv per month and individual cumulative quarterly dose is compared to the quarterly action level of 12 mSv per quarter. The maximum quarterly dose is a production



operator whose cumulative quarterly dose was 9.50 mSv. Direct Read Dosimeters are being used in the Raffinate/Draff area to manage potential eye dose. The maximum eye dose for the second quarter is above the maximum eye dose from the previous four quarters. There is a discrepancy between the OSLD and DRD readings for this worker and an investigation is underway to determine whether this dose is correct. Additional information will be submitted to CNSC staff for review once the investigation is complete.

Table 7

Eye Dose Results by Quarter					
Monitoring Period	Number of Individuals	Average Dose (mSv)	Minimum Dose (mSv)	Maximum Dose (mSv)	
Q2 2023	187	0.65	0.00	5.94	
Q3 2023	200	0.45	0.00	3.41	
Q4 2023	179	0.57	0.00	5.63	
Q1 2024	220	0.47	0.00	6.93	
Q2 2024	301	0.37	0.00	9.50	

Urinalysis

Table 8 shows the distribution of urine results for the second quarter of 2024. A total of 2818 urine samples were analyzed for uranium during the quarter. As shown in Table 8, approximately 98% of routine urine analysis results were less than 5 µg U/L in the quarter.

There was one results above the routine weekly screening level of 6.3 μ g U/L and no results above the routine monthly screening level of 4.4 μ g U/L. There were four samples that measured > 25 to \leq 50 ug U/L, two were post-shift submissions that did not exceed the screening level of 65 ug U/L and the remaining two were pre-shift submissions, one of which exceeded the screening level of 30 ug U/L. The other fifty-six results measured above 5 μ g U/L, twenty were attributed to employee and contractor daily, weekly, pre-shift and post-shift submissions none of the submissions exceeded the internal screening levels (routine weekly of 6.3 ug U/L, routine monthly of 4.4 ug U/L, pre-shift of 30 μ g U/L and post-shift of 63 μ g U/L).

No urine analysis action levels were exceeded in the second quarter of 2024.



Table 8

2024 Second Quarter Urinalysis Results				
Distribution of Results	Number of Results			
Number of Samples $\leq 5 \mu g U/L$	2758			
Number of Samples >5 to \leq 25 μ g U/L	56			
Number of Samples >25 to \leq 50 µg U/L	4			
Number of Samples $\geq 50 \mu g U/L$	0			
Number of Samples Analyzed	2818			
Action Level 63 μg U/L (Routine Bi-Weekly Sample)				
Action Level 44 μg U/L (Routine Monthly Sample)				

Internal Dose (Urine)

Table 9 shows the internal urine analysis doses for the last five quarters. The average and maximum internal urine analysis doses in the quarter were 0.07 mSv and 0.65 mSv. These doses are within the range of the previous four quarters.

Table 9

	Internal Urine Dose by Quarter				
Year	Number of	Average Dose	Minimum Dose	Maximum Dose	
	Individuals	(mSv)	(mSv)	(mSv)	
Q2 2023	153	0.07	0.00	0.42	
Q3 2023	150	0.07	0.00	0.59	
Q4 2023	141	0.08	0.00	0.50	
Q1 2024	152	0.07	0.00	0.70	
Q2 2024	155	0.07	0.00	0.65	

Lung Dose

The lung count trailer was on-site from April 15, 2024. to May 16, 2024. Production and maintenance personnel received their first count of 2024.

Contamination Control

An extensive contamination control program is in place at the refinery. The refinery is divided into three Zones for contamination control purposes. Zone 1 areas are designated as clean areas, with no dispersible radioactive material allowed, while Zone 3 areas are production areas. Zone 2 areas are locations where small amounts of radioactive material may be present. Routine contamination monitoring is done in Zone 1 and 2 areas, with a focus on employee lunchrooms, change rooms and hallways. Table 10 summarizes quarterly alpha monitoring results from Zone 1 and Zone 2 areas. Monitoring results include both swipe samples and direct contact surface measurements.



Table 10

Second Quarter Alpha Contamination Monitoring Results					
Area Total Number of Measurements Number of Readings Above IAL					
Zone 1	340	0			
Zone 2 5295 25					
Internal Admir	nistrative Level (IAL) for swipes is 0.15 Bq/cm ² a	and for direct contact readings is 0.37 Bq/cm ² .			

In-plant Air

Routine air sampling is performed by collecting airborne particulate on air sampling filters and quantifying the airborne concentration of uranium. A summary of in-plant air sampling results in the second quarter of 2024 is provided in Tables 11 and 12.

Table 11

2024 Second Quarter Uranium In-plant Air Sampling Results					
	# of	Average	Maximum	# of Samples above RL	
Warehouse	645	1.8	117.2	1	
UO3 Lab	3	0.2	0.2	0	
Calcination	546	3.7	30.1	0	
Main Aisle	3	4.0	9.1	0	
MAINT. SHOP	3	1.2	3.0	0	
Gravimetric Feeder	91	2.1	21.2	0	
Digestion	94	0.8	15.2	0	
Solvent Extraction	3	0.2	0.2	0	
Sump Treatment	91	3.6	13.1	0	
Equipment	103	0.9	3.7	0	
Aisle to Powerhouse	3	0.2	0.2	0	
Boildown	31	1.1	14.1	0	
Denitration	546	7.2	255.0	4	
U CONC Lab	3	0.6	1.2	0	
DRaff/Raffinate	910	0.3	8.6	0	
Respirator Level (RL) is 90 μg U/m ³					

The maximum in-plant air sample of $255~\mu g~U/m^3$ which was recorded on May 4, 2024, was the result of an unexpected plant shutdown due to the loss of instrument air and the compressor which runs fume removal. The area was restricted and posted as a dust mask area and all personnel who entered to perform work were equipped with respirators and other appropriate PPE.

Table 12 is a summary of thorium-230 (Th) in-air sampling results collected from the Draff area quarterly.



Table 12

Thorium-in-Air Sampling Results							
Plant Area	# of Samples	Average Th-230 (Bq/m ³)	Maximum Th-230 (Bq/m ³)	# of Samples above RL			
2023 Q2	504	0.040	1.569	39			
2023 Q3	376	0.014	1.089	11			
2023 Q4	501	0.045	1.946	35			
2024 Q1	448	0.014	0.248	6			
2024 Q2	400	0.006	0.270	3			

The maximum in-plant air sample of 0.248 Th-230 Bq/m³ which was recorded on April 1, 2024, was the result of maintenance activities being performed in the area. The area was restricted, posted as a dust mask area, and workers were wearing respirators.



3.0 Conventional Health and Safety

This safety and control area covers BRR's program to manage non-radiological workplace safety hazards and to protect personnel and equipment. Table 13 below lists the safety statistics for the refinery for the quarter and year-to-date.

Table 13

2024 Safety Statistics									
Quarter / Parameter	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024	Q4 2024	YTD				
First Aid Injuries	6	12			18				
Medical Diagnostic Procedures	3	0			3				
Medical Treatment Injuries	0	0			0				
Lost Time Injuries	0	0			0				
Lost Time Injury Frequency	0	0			0				
Lost Time Injury Severity	0	0			0				

The Total Recordable Injury Rate (TRIR) YTD is 0.00.

Health and Safety Activities

Facility Health and Safety Committee meetings were conducted as scheduled. Safety meetings and scheduled training proceeded. Annual health safety and training objectives are being worked on.



4.0 Environmental Protection

This safety and control area covers the programs that monitor and control all releases of nuclear and hazardous substances into the environment, as well as their effects on the environment, as the result of licensed activities.

Public Dose

The derived release limit (DRL) for a given radionuclide is defined as the release rate that would cause an individual of the most highly exposed group to receive and be committed to a dose equal to the regulatory annual dose limit due to release of the radionuclide to air or surface water during normal operation of a nuclear facility over the period of a calendar year. An updated, more conservative DRL report for the refinery was accepted by CNSC staff in 2019 and implemented at the start of 2020.

The DRL for the facility is based on three components: dose to the public from air emissions, dose from water discharges and dose from gamma radiation. For the refinery, dose to the public from air and water emissions is a very small fraction of the public dose limit (<0.001 mSv).

Therefore, the gamma component represents virtually all the estimated public dose.

The critical receptor is the hi-vol station at the golf course. An environmental dosimeter is placed at the hi-vol station and changed out on a quarterly basis.

Public dose information for the last five quarters at the critical receptor is shown in Table 14.

Table 14

Public Dose by Quarter (mSv)									
DRL Component Q2 2023 Q3 2023 Q4 2023 Q1 2024 Q2 2024									
Air	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001				
Water	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001				
Gamma	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002				
Total Quarterly Dose	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002				

Gamma Monitoring

Environmental dosimeters are placed along each of the four-perimeter fence lines; north, south, east and west. The dosimeters are collected and replaced in the field monthly. Fence line results for each month in the quarter are shown in Table 15. Dose rates along the east, west and south fencelines will regularly fluctuate due to changes in onsite inventory (quantity and yard location).



Table 15

2024 Second Quarter Measured Fence Line Gamma Levels (μSv/h)							
Fence Line	April	May	June				
East	3.07	3.21	3.18				
*North	0.06	0.02	0.05				
South	0.88	0.93	0.84				
West	1.20	1.06	1.01				

^{*}North fence CNSC Action Level 0.25 µSv/h (Monthly)

Air Emissions

The refinery has two process stacks and an incinerator stack that are routinely monitored for uranium and particulate emissions. The absorber stack also has an on-line NOx analyzer. Each process area also has its own separate ventilation system. Uranium emissions from each of the individual process area ventilation systems are determined through calculation. The release limits changed with the new license issued February 2022.

Stack uranium emissions by quarter are shown in Table 16. Average and maximum emission rates were within the range of the previous four quarters for uranium and particulate emissions. While average nitrogen oxide emissions were within the previous four quarters, the maximum was higher than typically observed. This was due to issues with the main Spencer turbine requiring the use of the emergency Spencer turbine until repairs on the main Spencer turbine were completed. Emissions returned to normal the following day. The incinerator did not operate in the second quarter.

Table 16

Daily Stack Emissions by Quarter										
a			Action		Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	
Source	Parameter	Limit	Level	Value	2023	2023	2023	2024	2024	
DCEV	Uranium	93a	1.1 ^b	Quarterly Average	0.09	0.15	0.09	0.07	0.07	
DCEV	(g U/h)	93a	1.1	Quarterly Maximum	0.16	0.62	0.42	0.14	0.44	
	Uranium (g U/h)	21a	0.65 ^b	Quarterly Average	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	
Absorber				Quarterly Maximum	0.16	0.10	0.16	0.02	0.12	
710301001	Nitrogen Oxides (kg NO2/h)	19b	12 ^b	Daily Average	3.6	2.9	3.6	3.4	2.8	
				Daily Maximum	5.0	4.7	7.7	4.6	9.3	
Uranium	Uranium	20-	29a N/A	Quarterly Average	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	-	
Incinerator	(g U/h)	29a		Quarterly Maximum	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	-	
	Particulate		N/A	Daily Average	9	6	9	7	8	
All stacks	(g/h)	15,000 ^b		Daily Maximum	22	64	41	20	27	

Results less than the detection limit is denoted as "<".

^a Limit based on annual averaging period.

^b Limit based on daily result.



Liquid Discharges

The refinery has one liquid effluent discharge location into Lake Huron. All liquid effluent is sampled and analyzed prior to discharge to ensure all federal and provincial regulatory discharge parameter limits are met. The release limits changed with the new license issued February 2022.

An effluent treatment circuit and supplementary pollution control equipment are installed in the UO₃ plant to control and reduce emissions to water. The concentrations of key parameters in liquid effluent emissions are shown in Table 17. Liquid effluent parameters remain within the range of the previous four quarters.

Table 17

Liquid Effluent Discharges										
Parameter	Units of Measure	CNSC Licence Limit	Action Level	Value	Q2 2023	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	
I Inominan	c /1	1.7^{1}	0.2	Average	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	
Uranium	mg/l	1./	0.2	Max.	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	
Nitrate	mg/l as N	N/A	120	Average	3.5	6.2	7.4	8.9	3.9	
Nitrate				Max.	7.5	12.9	36.7	12.6	6.1	
Radium –	D ~ /1	N/A	0.1	Average	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
226	Bq/l	IN/A	0.1	Max.	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	
pН		N/A	N/A	Daily Min. ²	7.7	7.7	7.1	7.3	7.48	
		N/A	N/A	Daily Max. ²	8.3	8.6	8.0	7.8	8.20	

¹ Limit based on monthly average of weekly composite samples

Ambient Air Monitoring

In addition to onsite monitoring of emissions, the refinery also has a comprehensive ambient air monitoring program. Table 18 shows the quarterly average uranium-in-air concentrations at each of the five hi-vol locations and the maximum individual result for each location by quarter. The results are within the range of the previous 4 quarters. The refinery continues to see increased vehicular traffic onsite over previous years to support increased receipts of concentrate, shipments of UO₃ and shipments of waste to a permitted landfill. The South-East Yard hi-vol location had a decrease in U in air after extensive paving in the area in 2023.

² Limit based on daily discharge sample



Table 18

Uranium-in-Air Concentration (µg U/m³) at Hi-Vol Stations by Quarter										
Quarter	Result	Golf Course	SE Yard	East Yard	Hydro Yard	Town of Blind River				
02 2022	Average	0.0004	0.0009	0.0032	0.0002	0.0002				
Q2 2023	Maximum	0.0009	0.0020	0.0054	0.0002	0.0002				
Q3 2023	Average	0.0004	0.0009	0.0019	0.0001	0.0001				
	Maximum	0.0008	0.0020	0.0039	0.0003	0.0002				
04 2022	Average	0.0004	0.0007	0.0021	0.0002	0.0001				
Q4 2023	Maximum	0.0015	0.0012	0.0041	0.0003	0.0002				
01 2024	Average	0.0002	0.0004	0.0009	0.0001	0.0001				
Q1 2024	Maximum	0.0004	0.0006	0.0014	0.0001	0.0001				
02 2024	Average	0.0003	0.0012	0.0016	0.0002	0.0001				
Q2 2024	Maximum	0.0007	0.0057	0.0028	0.0002	0.0002				



5.0 Public Information Program

During the second quarter of 2024, BRR continued to meet the requirements of CNSC REGDOC 3.2.1, Public Information and Disclosure programs.

Public Engagement

During the second quarter of 2024 Cameco provided sponsorships for a number of community Town of Blind River, Mississauga First Nations, Serpent River First Nations, Township of the North Shore, Town of Spanish, Karis Disability Services, and the Blind River Trappers Council.

Cameco also supported two secondary and three elementary school graduations through bursaries recognizing excellence in education and subject awards.

In June Cameco held their 19th annual Cameco cares day and completed work in the communities of Blind River, Mississauga First Nation, Municipality of Huron Shores, and the Township of the North Shore. This annual event strives to improve public spaces in the communities in which our employees live through construction and beautification projects.

Cameco participated in Blind River Community Days in July by sponsoring the children's inflatable play area and participating in the Touch-A-Truck event which provided an opportunity to share information about our Blind River and other Ontario operations.

Cameco continued its community spotlight sponsorship with Elliot Lake Today which features local not-for-profits.

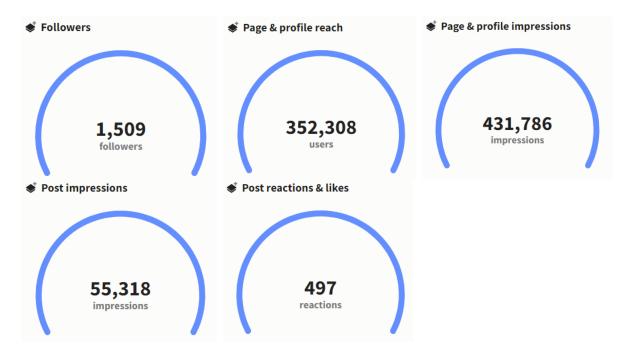
Public Disclosure

There were zero public disclosures during the second quarter: <u>Environment & Safety - Refining: Blind River - Fuel Services - Businesses - Cameco</u>

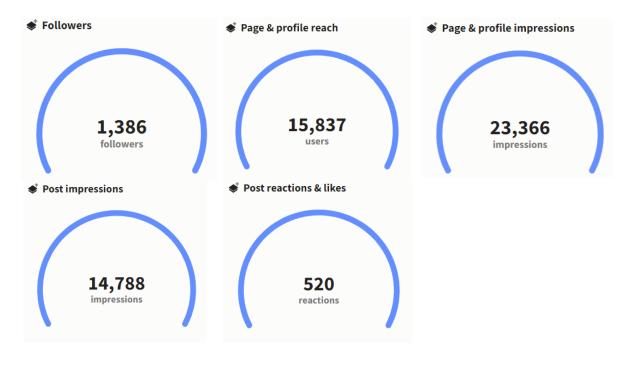


Social Media

Facebook: April 1, 2024 to June 30, 2024

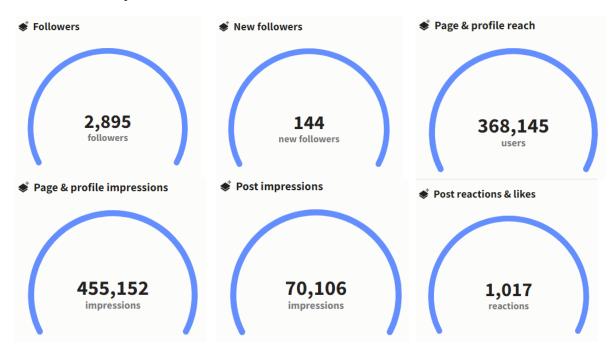


Other platforms (Instagram, X & YouTube): April 1, 2024 to June 30, 2024





All Platforms: April 1, 2024 to June 30, 2024



Top Performing Posts









Last Thursday, over 50 Blind River Cameco employees volunteered for the 19th annual Cameco Cares Day. The employees did an amazing job on their projects in Blind River. Mississauga First Nations, Township of the North

34 likes

Top tweets



We're sharing stories from our employees who have contributed to Cameco's success over the past 35 years. For Brian Reilly, Senior VP & COO, Cameco's safety culture means no job is so important that we can't take

11.11% engagement rate



May is Mental Health Awareness Month across Canada.

As we wrap up the month, we're sharing some photos
from our Step Up for Mental Health 5k run/walk that was
held a couple weeks ago in Downtown Cobourg. Thank

29 likes



Last week, volunteers were at @TimHortons loc across our community to support Five Counties Children's Centre, the recipients of this year's Sr Cookie campaign in Cobourg and Colborne. Tha

23 likes



Energize your career with Cameco! The Port Hope Conversion Facility currently has an opening for a 2nd Class Operating Engineer. Apply online today! https://ow.by/TmuJ50RRFXP

9.76% engagement rate



Today is the day! Our Step Up for Mental Health run/walk returns this morning in Victoria Park, C And look who's back! Come down to help us che participants as they cross the finish line. #StepU

8.64% engagement rate

Cameco Ontario's 184 posts (combined across Facebook, Instagram, X):

Facebook: 68Instagram: 60

• X: 56

These posts included information such as:

- My Cameco stories profiling Cameco employees including the general manager, Blind River Refinery
- Cameco Cares Day in Blind River
- Cameco's annual Charity Golf Tournament in Blind River
- CEO, Tim Gitzel's involvement in industry conversations such as at the World Nuclear Spotlight
- Career opportunities

Website

The 2024 Q1 Compliance Report was posted to the website:



Media Library - Media - Cameco Fuel Services

Media Analysis

There was no media coverage regarding the Blind River Refinery in Q2.

Communications Products

There were no new communication products in Q2.



6.0 Indigenous Engagement

Cameco is committed to providing information to interested Indigenous communities. The Mississauga First Nation (MFN) is Cameco's closest neighbor and Cameco continues to have regular communication with MFN through established protocols such as the notification of live fire practices and community support. Cameco also continues to work with MFN to formalize the relationship.

In the past, Serpent River First Nation (SRFN) requested to receive the Blind River Refinery's compliance report. Cameco continues that practice today.

On May 7 a public disclosure with details of a reportable spill was sent to MFN.

On May 16, Cameco supplied reusable bags, and a duffle bag with health and safety related items inside for MFN's annual Health Fair.

On May 28, an email was sent to MFN to advise members that a professional public polling research firm named Praxis Consulting was hired. Praxis Consulting conducted a Blind River and area telephone survey throughout the month of June.

On June 6, for Cameco Cares Day, members of Cameco cleaned and planted the Dream Catcher Garden and the annual and perennial gardens surrounding the Band Office. In addition, four garden benches were built for the walkways and two raised flower beds were built for the Educational Centre's new medicine garden.

Cameco representatives met with MFN Chief and Council members on June 26 to continue discussions to formalize the relationship and discuss areas of interest.

The Blind River Refinery Q1 2024 Compliance Report was sent electronically to MFN and SR on June 3 and also sent to MFN and SR by registered mail, both received on June 4.



7.0 Other Matters of Regulatory Interest

There were no other matters of regulatory interest in the quarter.



8.0 Concluding Remarks

Cameco is committed to the safe, clean and reliable operations of all of its facilities and continually strives to improve safety performance and processes to ensure the safety of both its employees and the people in neighboring communities.

Individual radiation exposures were maintained well below all applicable regulatory dose limits, as a result of the effective programs, plans and procedures in place. In addition, environmental emissions continued to be controlled to levels that are a fraction of the regulatory limits, and public radiation exposures are also well below the regulatory limits.

Cameco's relationship with our neighboring communities remains strong and we are committed to maintaining these strong relationships.